Brown vs. Board 1954 Supreme Court rules “separate but equal” public schools must end.

All public schools in Virginia are ordered to integrate.

Massive Resistance fights school integration.

Harry F. Byrd led the Massive Resistance movement.

Cartoon: Virginia Historical Society, courtesy of the Richmond Times Dispatch

Photo: Virginia Historical Society, courtesy of the Richmond Times Dispatch
Because some schools in Virginia do not want to integrate, they close.

Massive Resistance fails and Virginia’s schools must integrate.

Desegregation and Massive Resistance in Virginia
Teacher tips:
You will need 1 ½ sheets of 8 ½” x 11” colorful paper per student. Students can share the ½ sheet
2. Fold each piece, hot dog style, and cut apart to make (4) 4 ¼” x 11 sheets. Each student will need 3 of these ½ sheets.
3. Fold each paper, hamburger fold, leaving a ½” tab on the top side. Fold the tab over top and then crease it back so it extends in the opposite direction.
4. Form an accordion fold by gluing the straight edge of one part into the valley of the other sheet’s tab. Glue all 4 sheets together in this fashion. For more explicit directions and a visual on accordion folds, refer to Dinah Zike’s Big Book of Social Studies or Big Book of Books.
5. Glue the title: Desegregation and Massive Resistance in Virginia
6. Glue in place the other boxes, being certain to put them in the correct sequence. Refer to the Curriculum Framework, page 38 for specific details. A key below is included for your convenience.
Students may add additional drawings and information.

Key:
1. Brown vs. the Board 1954. Supreme Court rules “separate but equal” public schools must end.
2. All public schools in Virginia are ordered to integrate.
4. Harry F. Byrd led this movement.
5. Because some schools in Virginia do not want to integrate, they close.
6. Massive Resistance fails and Virginia’s schools must integrate.